

LOCTITE 3611

July 2016

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE 3611 provides the following product characteristics:

Technology	Ероху
Chemical Type	Ероху
Appearance (uncured)	Red viscous gel ^{LMS}
Fluorescence	Positive under UV light
Components	One component -
	requires no mixing
Cure	Heat cure
Application	Surface mount adhesive
Key Substrates	SMD components to PCB
Other Application Areas	Small parts bonding
Dispense Method	Pin transfer and Stencil print
Wet Strength	Very high

LOCTITE 3611 is designed for bonding of surface mounted devices to printed circuit boards prior to wave soldering. Particularly suited where very fast cure is required on high speed SMT lines. The very low moisture absorption allows longer exposure to humidity in open baths, without affecting dispensability or causing void formation in the cured adhesive.

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

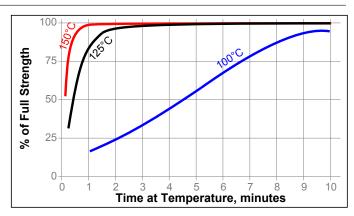
1.3
125 to 400 ^{LMS}
20 to 50

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

Recommended conditions for curing are exposure to heat above 100 °C (typically 90-120 seconds @ 150 °C). Rate of cure and final strength will depend on the residence time at the cure temperature.

Cure Speed vs. Time, Temperature

The following graph shows the rate of torque strength developed with time at different temperatures. These times are defined from the moment the adhesive reaches cure temperature. In practice, total oven time may be longer to allow for heat up period. Strength is measured on 1206 capacitors @ 22 °C, tested according to IPC SM817, TM-650 Method 2.4.42.



Isothermal DSC Conversion

5 minutes @ 125 °C, %

95 to 100^{LMS}

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Cured for 30 minutes @ 150 °C

Physical Properties:

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, K-1	70×10 ⁻⁶
Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/(m·K)	0.4
Specific Heat, kJ/(kg·K)	0.3
Density, BS 5350-B1 @ 25 °C, g/cm3	1.4
Glass Transition Temperature, ISO 11357-2, °C	73

Electrical Properties:

=100ti10ti1 10portioo:	
Dielectric Constant / Dissipation Factor, IEC 60250:	
1 kHz	3.3 / 0.02
100 kHz	3.0 / 0.03
1,000 kHz	2.9 / 0.03
10,000 kHz	2.8 / 0.03
Volume Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω·cm	2×10 ¹⁵
Surface Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω	50×10 ¹⁵
Surface Insulation Resistance, Ω:	
SN 59651:	
Initial	0.8×10 ¹²
Aged for 4 days @ 40 °C, 93 % RH	1×10 ¹²
Aged for 21 days @ 40 °C, 93 % RH	1×10 ¹²

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

Electrolytic Corrosion, DIN 53489



AN - 1.2

Cured for 5 minutes @ 125 °C

Pull-off Strength, Siemens norm SN59651:

C-1206 on bare FR4 board 22 to 46 (lb) (5 to 10.4)

Torque Strength, IPC SM817,TM-650 Method 2.4.42:

C-1206 on bare FR4 board N·mm 33 to 63 (in.oz) (4.7 to 8.9)

seconds

Cured for 3 minutes @ 150 °C

Push-off Strength:

≥30^{LMS} C-1206 on bare FR4 board Ν

(lb) (26.8)

Cured for 30 minutes @ 150 °C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

≥15^{LMS} Steel (grit blasted) N/mm² (psi) $(\geq 2,175)$

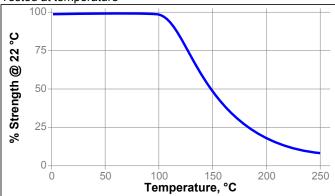
Bond strength achieved in practice will vary considerably depending on the SMD component type, adhesive dot size and the type, grade and degree of cure of the solder mask/resist.

TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured for 30 minutes @ 150 °C Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587: Steel (grit blasted)

Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

		% of initial strength			
Environment	°C	100 h	500 h	1000 h	
Air	22	100	100	100	
Air	150	95	95	90	
98% RH	40	90	80	75	

Resistance to Hot Solder Dip

Cured for 90 seconds @ 150 °C

Hot Solder Dip, IPC SM817, TM-650 Method 2.4.42.1, Pass/Fail: R-1206 on bare FR4 board:

Supported 60 seconds above solder bath @ 260°C and dipped for 10 Pass

GENERAL INFORMATION

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

Directions for use:

1. A. Pin Transfer Use

- 1. After storage in a refrigerator the adhesive must be allowed to equilibrate to room temperature before use, typically 2 to 4 hours.
- 2. Avoid cross contamination with other adhesive residues by ensuring dispense nozzels, adapters etc. are thoroughly cleaned.
- 3. The quantity of adhesive dispensed will depend on the pin type and size, depth pin is dipped into adhesive and adhesive temperature.
- 4. These parameters will vary depending on the type of dispensing system used and should be optimised accordingly.
- 5. Bath temperature should ideally be controlled at a value between 25°C to 30°C, 50 % RH for optimum results. Under these conditions product will remain dispensable in the tray for at least 2 to 3 days and for up to five days with frequent replenishment of new material.
- 6. Uncured adhesive can be cleaned from the board with isopropanol, MEK or ester blends such as LOCTITE® 7360™.

2. B. Stencil Print Use

- 1. LOCTITE 3611 is suitable for all common open squeegee and enclosed head stencil printing systems, such as ProFlow[®], PumpPrint[®], Varidot™. Loctite stencil print Chipbonders are suitable for print speeds of 20 mm/s up to 150 mm/s - this will vary with product selected and printer set-up.
- 2. After storage in a refrigerator the adhesive must be allowed to equilibrate to room temperature before use, typically 2 to 4 hours.
- 3. Printing conditions should be about 25°C, and RH less than 70 % for optimum results. Higher temperatures will decrease the viscosity and will effect the printing results. Higher humidity conditions may lead to moisture pick up and will reduce the "on stencil" life of the product: At 25°C, 55 % RH, the product will remain dispensable on the stencil for a maximum of 5 days of continuous operation. The quality of the print results will depend on board support, print gap, print speed, print pressure and separation speed.
- 4. Typical starting parameters (steel stencil/ steel squeegee/ single stroke mode*):

Print Speed	60 mm/s
	3 to 4 N/cm (just enough to clean the stencil)

Separation Speed			0.1 to 3 mm/s	
Gap PCB	between	Stencil	and	On contact

*For higher dots Print and Flood Mode can be used. Set up pressure for front squeegee as described above. For flood printing, rear squeegee pressure should be set to 0 kg to leave a sufficient adhesive layer (1 to 2 mm) on the stencil. These parameters will vary depending on type of printing process and should be optimized accordingly.

- 5. Uncured adhesive should only be cleaned from the board with isopropanol, MEK or ester blends such as LOCTITE[®] 7360™. Alcohols (e.g. Isopropanol) can cure the adhesive and may lead to blocked apertures if left on the stencil for over 5 minutes. Automatic under-stencil-wipe is not recommended.
- Cured adhesive can only be removed mechanically with the aid of heat.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated December 14, 2001. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

(°C x 1.8) + 32 = °F kV/mm x 25.4 = V/mil mm / 25.4 = inches μ m / 25.4 = mil N x 0.225 = lb N/mm x 5.71 = lb/in N/mm² x 145 = psi MPa x 145 = psi N·m x 8.851 = lb·in N·m x 0.738 = lb·ft N·mm x 0.142 = oz·in mPa·s = cP

Note

The data contained herein are furnished for information only and are believed to be reliable. We cannot assume responsibility for the results obtained by others over whose methods we have no control. It is the user's responsibility to determine suitability for the user's purpose of any production methods mentioned herein and to adopt such precautions as may be advisable for the protection of property and of persons against any hazards that may be involved in the handling and use thereof. In light of the foregoing, Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims all warranties expressed or implied, including warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, arising from sale or use of Henkel Corporation's products. Henkel Corporation specifically disclaims any liability for consequential or incidental damages of any kind, including lost profits. The discussion herein of various processes or compositions is not to be interpreted as representation that they are free from domination of patents owned by others or as a license under any Henkel Corporation patents that may cover such processes or compositions. We recommend that each prospective user test his proposed application before repetitive use, using this data as a guide. This product may be covered by one or more United States or foreign patents or patent applications.

Trademark usage

Except as otherwise noted, all trademarks in this document are trademarks of Henkel Corporation in the U.S. and elsewhere. [®] denotes a trademark registered in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Reference 1